(LIId YEAR.) THE (No. 2622.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1797.

ROME, *January* 15.

THERE was yesterday a convention of the states held here, in order to discuss the propositions for peace made us by the French republic, which were almost unanimously rejected. Cardinal Antici, the only member of the sacred college who entertains just political opinions, dared to investigate the consequences of a rupture. Others have been of opinion that no proposition should be listened to, till the French consented to restore to their ancient form of government the two republicanized states.

The departure of the French minister is looked upon as an event soon likely to take place; and it is even said, that the secretary of state had orders to signify to him that the government could no longer ensure his safety, and to advise him to quit Rome. The departure of the minister is to be followed by a proclamation for a religious war, for which the briefs and manifestoes are all ready. The union subsisting between this minister and the marquis del Vato, ambassador extraordinary from the king of Naples, makes us suppose that the French insist on the cession of Benevent and Ponto Gorvo, and that by a secret article with the king of Naples, they are to be surrendered to him.

LUBECK, *January* 11.

We have just received very alarming intelligence, considered with relation to our commerce, the court of Spain has declared to the cities of Hamburg, Bremen, and Lubeck, that if they do not break off their commercial connections with England, they will not only take possession of all ships belonging to the Hans-Towns, but will also confiscate the property of every Hanseatic merchant in Spain, estimated at a very considerable sum of money.

We are yet ignorant what resolutions have been made by the towns, on this occasion; but it will be utterly impossible to end our commercial concerns with England.

RATISBON, *January* 16.

The envoy from Brandenburgh to the diet of Ratisbon, has lately presented to that assembly a note, in which, in the name of his Prussian majesty, he insists upon immediate reimbursement of the expences which the siege of Mentz occasioned that monarch.

There have lately passed through the circle of Franconia, about 25 or 30,000 men, marching to the Imperial armies on the Rhine.

BASLE, *January* 24.

In delivering up Kehl to prince Charles, the French general said to him, "This gloriously crowns the brilliant campaign which you now terminate." But the archduke will not repose. He has declared to his army that he will conduct them to Dusseldorff, and will only wait till the reduction of the bridge of Huninguen.

Every thing confirms us in the belief that Buonaparte will direct his efforts towards Rome.

[*Tableau*]

BRUSSELS, *February* 9.

Letters received directly from the right bank of the Rhine, mention, that the different dispatches sent by the Austrian general Alvinzy to the archduke Charles, have excited universal consternation as to their contents. It appears certain that prince Charles will immediately betake himself to the army of Italy, with twenty battalions of infantry to reinforce it, and six battalions are already on their march for this new place of destination. Thirty thousand Austrians, all of them provided with equipments, are expected on the Upper Rhine in the course of the month of March, as well as 20,000 recruits, which are now raising in Bohemia, and the other hereditary states of the house of Austria.

Some of the German princes have again resolved to send the contingents to the Imperial armies. Among these is the elector of Saxony, who sends 12,000 troops to the Rhine—a circumstance which gave rise to the report, that this prince had acceded to the treaty of neutrality, concluded under the intervention of Russia. As to the account which the allied powers had reason to expect from Russia, it appears certain that they cannot rely on them; and that the new emperor is even determined to break the engagements contracted by the empress, his mother, with Austria and England.

The minister of the interior set off yesterday on his return to Paris. He was escorted to the distance of three leagues from this city by a large body of horsemen. In passing through the gates he was saluted by several discharges of artillary.

The sending Benezech to Belgium, has occasioned the greatest consternation to the jacobin party. Bouteville the commissary of the executive power at the Nine United Departments, has received his dismissal, as well as the president of the central administration of the department of Dyle. Benezech has declared that he is not invested with sufficient powers to operate all the changes, which he thinks indispensably necessary to purge all the constituted authorities; but he adds, that he hopes to prevail on the Executive Directory to banish from every public situation those petty despots who render the republican government detestable by their misconduct.

PARIS, *February* 7.

Madame Tallien and Mademoiselle Contat.

On account of some domestic altercation between the former lady and her husband, she lately forsook him for the more convivial society of citizen Barras, one of the present Directory. The latter, however, soon getting tired of his conquest, quitted her in return for Mademoiselle Contat, of the Theatre Francaise, which preference had nearly cost the other her life; for Madame Tallien was so much enraged and disappointed that she challenged her rival to meet her with pistols in the Bois de Boulogne. They actually met and fired twice each, when the female duellists became at length so much alarmed and intimidated, that their Femmes de Chambre, who acted as seconds, were obliged to carry them off the field.

February 10.

Mantua is at length in our power. We have just learnt it from a letter from citizen Lagarde, secretary general of the Directory, addressed to citizen Devinck, member of the Council of Five Hundred. This good news has been brought by an extraordinary courier dispatched from Milan.

Bournonville is expected every day at Paris. Hoche is gone to take the command in his stead.

From Brussels we learn, that the troops are in motion on both sides of the Rhine, as if a campaign was on the point of taking place.

LONDON, *February* 8.

The prince of Wales has offered his services to the king to go to Ireland in quality of lord lieutenant, and exert all the influence of his popularity with that nation in restoring it to tranquillity. This has been the subject of his late conferences with Mr. Pitt. He proposed to take with him earl Moira as commander in chief, together with a splendid household, worthy the dignity of the people whose royalty he was to represent. This proposition was received by ministers with the respect due to its patriotism, and has been made the subject of much important discussion. That his royal highness is peculiarly popular in the sister kingdom, is a fact upon record. They gave him a signal proof of their confidence in a period of critical delicacy, and the impressions which their kindness left on the prince's mind has still further endeared him to their favour. But whether the heir apparent to the crown of the empire should fill this station, is a question in policy which will demand mature consideration.

Accounts were yesterday received of the melancholy fate of two transports full of troops, which have foundered in the Mediterranean, and every soul perished, supposed through the negligence of the masters. There is also a return of the Courageux, out of whose crew but 130 are saved!

General St. Leger has gone out to India with appointments to the value of 11,000l. per annum.

The following important article, dated Francfort, Jan 18, is copied from a Paris paper of the 1st inst. "It is said that the emperor of Russia has formed the great design of pacifying Europe. Baron Stackelburg, lately nominated plenipotentiary of the court of Petersburg to the Germanic body, has received instructions on this head; he is to pass by Berlin, Stutgard, and to visit the greater part of the courts of Germany, to sound their disposition. Our Journalists assert, that he will thence proceed to Basle, to confer with Barthelemi."

The king of Sweden has set at liberty colonel Aminoff, one of general Armfeldt's accomplices, has given him the order of the sword, and named him an adjutant-general near his person.

February 10.

On the measure of accepting the generous offer of the prince of Wales, we gave no opinion. It was not necessary to comment on an event which was not likely to take place. As to the indiscretion of publishing the proposition, we confess we do not perceive it. We see no reason to suppress a very gallant and liberal offer of the heir apparent to the crown, because it may not be consistent with the king's ministers to accept it. The affections of the people of Ireland will not be alienated from the crown by learning that the prince of Wales would cheerfully surrender all his pleasurable pursuits, and devote himself to the important duty of restoring that kingdom to harmony and happiness. As it is not likely to happen, it is a thing of which we may innocently talk.

Important Article.

By recent advices from France we learn, that, in consequence of a decree lately passed (allowing the whole of the prizes to the captors), the number of privateers is very rapidly increasing. Several are coming out from Nantes, Calais, Dunkirk, &c. some of which are large stout vessels carrying 30 guns.

[Courier.]

The Bruffels papers to the 2d inftant, ftate, that there has been fome fighting in the Hundzruck, the refult of which was not known at Bruffels on the 1ft. The difference between the French adminiftrators and the Royal Chamber of Emmerick have been terminated, by an arret of the Directory, ftating that the clergy of the dutchies of Gueldres and Cleves fhall be fubject to no impofitions but thofe eftablifhed by his Pruffian majefty before the war.

Lord Bridport, it is faid, has demanded a court-martial, to clear himfelf from any imputation which may attach to his conduct on the late occafion. The admiralty, however, difplay confiderable reluctance to grant this requeft: at fuch a time as this it is thought that fuch a proceeding would be attended with inconvenience to the public. It is the intention of government to fend the Channel fleet to fea as foon as poffible.

The hiftory of man never produced any victory fo memorable in all its parts as that of Buonaparte.—Confidering the number of points which he had to defend, and the very extenfive line of poffs to occupy, it is certain that 80,000 French could not be actually engaged in the battles. It appears, then, that every fighting man engaged, either killed or took his man!

February 13.

On Saturday, letters and difpatches were received from Jerfey, dated the 1ft inft. Thefe contain very late intelligence from Breft, the authenticity of which may be relied on.

The whole of the French fleet fuffered very much from the bad weather which they encountered on the Irifh expedition, the fhips having returned in a very fhattered ftate. Immediately upon their return to Breft, about 3000 of the failors deferted. The French are extremely bufy in repairing their fleet, and preparing for a new expedition.

Les Droits de l'Homme, the fhip driven on fhore by Sir Edward Pellew and captain Reynolds, is entirely loft. The fhip had 1800 men on board, upwards of 100 of whom were killed in the action with the two Engliih frigates, and an immenfe number were wounded. Out of the whole crew not more than three or four hundred were faved. On board the Amazon very few were either killed or wounded, and the whole crew got on fhore.

Accounts were on Saturday received from Jerfey, ftating, that the French had again appeared in numbers on the coaft, and that a camp had been formed in the neighbourhood of Granville. A letter from Alderney, dated on Tuefday laft, likewife announces formidable military preparations to be making at Cherbourg.

February 15.

SURRENDER OF MANTUA.

We laft night received Paris papers by expreſs, to the 13th inſtant. Theſe contain an official letter from Buonaparte, dated on the 1ſt inſt. from Bologna, which ſtates, that part of his army had reached Trent, where it found 2000 ſick Auſtrians committed to their humanity.

In this letter Buonaparte mentions nothing reſpecting Mantua; but general Beaumont ſtates on the 2d, from Riverol, that Mantua was in poſſeſſion of the French; and on the 12th inſtant, the account of its capture was officially announced to the council of five hundred, by a meſſage from the directory. This meſſage further ſtates, that the French troops had entered the territory of the pope, and entirely defeated the forces of his holineſs.—L'Eclair of the 12th ſtates, that Buonaparte was purſuing his march to Rome.

Three Hamburg mails were ſtill due this morning, viz. that of Sunday the 5th, and thoſe of Sunday laſt and this morning.

Letters from Vienna, the 25th ultimo, ſtate, that in the battle of Rivoli, general Alvinzy had loſt only two thouſand men, and the enemy a ſtill greater number.

The ill ſucceſs of the attack of the Auſtrians, is attributed to one of the corps of the army not coming up in time to the attack, and the French having poſſeſſed themſelves of the plans of the Auſtrians. Theſe accounts from Vienna add, that general Alvinzy was again to advance.

On the Lower Rhine, it appears that the French are preparing for a formidable attack, which they expect from the Auſtrians. A camp has been formed between Luxemburg and Treves. The former place is ordered to be ſupplied with all neceſſaries for a twelve-month, and the works of Duſſeldorff and its intrenched camp, are ſtrengthened.

General Mack, at the particular requeſt of the court of Portugal, is to head the Portugueſe army.

This morning arrived a mail from Liſbon, brought to Falmouth by the Jane Packet, captain Creaſe, in 10 days.

By a letter from Liſbon, dated the 1ſt inſtant, we learn that the foreign troops under the convoy of the Sea Horſe, arrived in the Tagus on the 29th ult. without any accident. The fleet for Gibraltar entered with the above. Spain had not declared war againſt Portugal on the 1ſt inſtant.

The St. George, of 98 guns, was under repair in the Tagus.

A report was yeſterday in circulation, that an officer of ſome rank in the French ſervice had deſerted to this country, and brought with him the plan of the intended invaſion. The particulars of the plan were even ſtated, and theſe were ſaid to be, that a landing was to be attempted in Ireland in two different places, while a deſcent ſhould be endeavoured in the ſouth and north of England, and in Scotland. This is, indeed, a grand deſign on the part of the French—full of glorious enterpriſe—but we have no doubt whatever of the attempt being made, hopeleſs as it muſt appear in its conſequences, with the utmoſt force the French can bring againſt us either by ſea or land.

We are happy to find that the moſt vigilant and vigorous preparations are making by government to reſiſt the meditated invaſion of the French. Plans are now forming for encampments on the ſea coaſt, and meanwhile, ſhould any hoſtile attempts be made, the commanding officers of the different diſtricts are furniſhed with ample inſtruction how they are to act.

Sir Hector Munro, commanding a diſtrict in Scotland, has received orders to repair to his command without delay.

In conſequence of circular letters ſent by the duke of Portland to different towns in Scotland, deſiring to know how many forces could be accommodated in each town, a great alarm of danger has ſpread through that country; and the letters from thence are as full of apprehenſions as if the French were actually on the coaſt.

NEW-YORK, *April 5.*

Yeſterday arrived the ſhip Pigou, captain Sinclair, in 41 days from Liverpool. She brings Liverpool papers to the 20th of February, but they contain no later intelligence than what has been received by the Britiſh packet.

A paragraph in a late Paris paper, mentions, that an Auſtrian officer had been arreſted at the advanced poſts near Mantua, and conducted to Buonaparte. He affirmed that he was the bearer of no diſpatches whatever; indeed the moſt exact ſearch in his cloaths ſeemed to ſupport his aſſertion; he ſwore he had not ſwallowed any papers, and laughed when he was threatened to have his belly ript open in order to extricate them from it;—he then ſubmitted to take an emetic, which a few minutes afterwards brought up the diſpatch, ſuppoſed, by Buonaparte, to be in the very hand writing of the emperor, authoriſing Wurmſer, in the preſent poſture of affairs, to ſurrender Mantua. The perſon who gave this detail, aſſured, that he had in his hand, and read himſelf, the identical paper.

PHILADELPHIA, *April 3.*

The United States brig Sophia, captain O'Brien, in 46 days from Liſbon, is arrived at the wharf.

Previous to the ſailing of the Sophia, a Britiſh frigate arrived there with the intelligence of an engagement having taken place about the 17th of Feb. between the Britiſh fleet, under the command of adml. Sir John Jervis, and a Spaniſh fleet, which terminated in the defeat of the latter.

The Spaniſh admiral's ſhip of 120 guns was ſunk, and three other ſhips of the line, (one of 84 guns and two 74's) captured.

The above information we have from a gentleman who was on board the brig Sophia this morning.

Letters from Liſbon, received by the Sophia, ſtate that the above engagement took place on the 17th Feb. in the evening; it appears that a diviſion of the Spaniſh fleet which had anchored in Lagos Bay, about 20 leagues S. E. of Cape St. Vincent's, on their putting to ſea for Cadiz, was met by the Britiſh ſquadron under Sir John Jervis, which had been previouſly reinforced by the ſquadron from England, under admiral Parker; the accounts do not ſtate the number of veſſels in either fleet; but the Spaniſh admiral as above ſtated was ſunk, two 74's taken, and a diviſion of the Britiſh fleet was in chace of three other 74's when the frigate which brought the account to admiral Vandeput at Liſbon, left the fleet.

Yeſterday at noon arrived the Britiſh frigate Squirrel, of 32 guns, captain Hardy, in 42 days from Portſmouth, (Eng.) with Meſſrs. M'Donnald and Rich, the commiſſioners appointed on the part of England to conſider, adjuſt, and determine the claims of Britiſh ſubjects for debts owing by American citizens previous to the revolution, according to the treaty with Great-Britain. She brings nothing new.

Annapolis, April 13.

For the MARYLAND GAZETTE.

The INSPECTOR, No. VII.

And let the aſpiring youth beware of love.
THOMPSON.

AT this period of the year when nature begins to adorn herſelf with all that infinite variety of beauty which diffuſes a general ſmile throughout creation, and renders every object a ſubject of agreeable contemplation, the mind wanders delighted from the common occupations of life, and dwells with rapture on the rich profuſion of charms which ſpring neceſſarily unfolds—The gaiety which ſeems to re-animate the brutal creation, the clamorous melody of the groves, and the cheerfulneſs which pervades every rank of ſociety, irreſiſtibly fill the mind with a lively pleaſure which this ſeaſon alone can inſpire. Allured by theſe pleaſing proſpects I often retire from the ſyſtematic dulneſs of the town, and inſenſibly ramble among theſe variegated ſcenes of nature where the mind

" ——— exempt from public haunts
" Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks,
" Sermons in ſtones, and good in every thing."

Having no other object in view than contemplation I wander imperceptibly in whatever direction I am ſolicited by the uncommon verdure of a ſhrub or luxuriant foliage of a tree. My mind traces, with exquiſite delight, the progreſſive ſtate of infant vegetation and inſenſibly ranks all its common productions in their proper claſſes. Should the peculiarity of a plant recommend it to my particular obſervation, or an uncommon flower attract my attention, I experience all that anxious curioſity which we generally feel to diſcover the rank and connexions of an illuſtrious ſtranger. I immediately begin to ſcrutinize their properties and characteriſtic diſtinctions, and ſeldom fail to make an arrangement to my ſatisfaction.

By this kind of mental œconomy I have reduced the vegetable republic under my own dominion, and rendered almoſt every individual member ſubſervient to my amuſement. By dividing this extenſive and elegant department of nature into diſtinct circles, theſe circles into ſmaller diſtricts, and every diſtrict into families, I review it with eaſe in all its variety. Thus diſtributed, the vegetable world no longer appears a promiſcuous jumble of confuſion, and when I have a mind to take a general review, my wiſh is no ſooner formed than every order immediately arranges itſelf in its proper ſtation, like a number of different companies forming themſelves into a regular army.

Some time ago while I reſided at D——, as I was indulging myſelf in an evening's excurſion, and buſied in obſerving ſome early flowers which were accidentally in my way, I was interrupted by a gentleman who, with much apparent curioſity, aſked what I had found among the flowers?—I replied, that I was obſerving the effects of that paſſion which pervades all animated nature, and the vegetable part of the creation. A vacant ſmile betrayed his contempt of my amuſement and total ignorance of the principles on which vegetation proceeds. His converſation, however, had the good effect of appriſing me that I had wandered much farther than uſual. I therefore reſolved to return by the ſhorteſt path, while my mind remained in that ſweetly placid ſtate which a ſubject ſo intereſting and innocent neceſſarily inſpires. I could not but regret, that few as our ſources of pure and immaculate pleaſures are, ſo large a majority of mankind ſuffer themſelves to remain totally ignorant of one which preſents itſelf on all occaſions. "We have but to open our eyes and the ſcene enters." The garden, the ſhrubbery, the fields and the woods, abound with inexhauſtible ſtores of elegant amuſement, of which few are ſenſible. Every perſon, indeed, experiences a pleaſure at the approach of ſpring; but it is a pleaſure which every animal feels as much as themſelves. The genial influence of the ſun, and the ſpringing verdure of the fields, cauſe a delightful irritation of the nerves, or make an agreeable impreſſion on the eye. But to compare theſe ſenſations to the pleaſures of him who, with facility, makes a proper arrangement of every plant and flower, is to compare the ſatisfaction of one who is barely capable of articulating the Greek of Homer, and diſcovering by its cadence that it is intended for poetry, to the pleaſures of him, who, perfectly ſkilled in his language, catches the enthuſiaſm of the poet, penetrates all the beauties of his conception, and ſoars with him through the boundleſs regions of imagination.

While I was engaged in this train of reflections I had advanced by an unfrequented path into a ſolitary wood, near the entrance of which my meditations were interrupted by the appearance of a man croſſing the way juſt before me. His ſteps were ſlow but irregular—ſometimes he walked penſively along—then pauſing ſuddenly and again advancing—as I approached I obſerved that though it was impoſſible to read, yet he ſtill held a paper near his eyes on which his whole ſoul ſeemed engaged. By this ſingular deportment I was ſoon convinced that his mind was deeply affected by melancholy; and having felt that there is a dignity and reſerve in ſincere ſorrow which abhors intruſion, I ſtood at a reſpectful diſtance diſſolved in a tender ſympathy to which the moſt determined ſtoic muſt have yielded, had he been in my ſituation. I had yet remained undiſcovered, and the ſtranger ſtill proceeded, till at length with much apparent languor he reclined his head againſt an oak—he remained ſometime in this attitude—then ſtarting ſuddenly from his poſition he exclaimed with ineffable energy "Good God!—had "this come unattended I had ſmiled at the malevo-"lence of Fortune—Had I never ſeen the lovely "Irene!—but down, my thoughts! and burſt that "heart which gave you birth—'tis treaſon to my ſor-"row to give you utterance even in this ſolitude" As he ſpoke theſe words he advanced haſtily along, and turning half round diſcovered me at a ſmall diſtance before him—Embarraſſment fixed him for a moment to the ſpot. He had, however, advanced too far to retreat—What was my aſtoniſhment when I diſcovered my long loved friend Eumenes!—He embraced me with rapture and confuſion. He expreſſed in wild and unconnected ſentences his ſurpriſe at this unexpected occurrance. After having declared that nothing but a fear of unneceſſarily diſtreſſing me had induced him to conceal the cauſe of his diſtreſs from me, he enjoined me to meet him in the ſame place next evening, when he would unboſom himſelf to me without reſerve. He then turned abruptly to the right, and left me to reflect on the unaccountable occurrences of the evening. The accidental mention he had made of Irene gave me a clue to all the ſorrows of Eumenes; and I could not but lament the unhappy conſequences of which the nobleſt paſſions is often productive. The ſituation of my friend brought ſtrongly into my mind that beautiful paſſage in which the tender Ophelia ſo pathetically laments the diſordered imagination of her lover; and applying it in almoſt every reſpect to the many excellencies of Eumenes—I involuntarily repeated

" O what a noble mind is here o'erthrown!
" The courtiers', ſoldier's, ſcholar's, eye, tongue, ſword,
" The expectancy and roſe of the fair ſtate
" The glaſs of faſhion, and the mould of form
" The obſerv'd of all obſervers! quite, quite down!
" ——— ———
" ——— ———
" Now ſee that noble and moſt ſov'reign reaſon,
" Like ſweet bells jangled, out of tune and harſh."

I need ſcarcely add, that I waited with much anxiety for the approach of next evening; I waited at the place of appointment till Eumenes appeared. From this time we renewed our walks till he had made me completely maſter of his little hiſtory. As Eumenes is now no more, and the diſtance of place will render all diſcovery impoſſible, I ſhall detail his unhappy adventures in every third number of the Inſpector, until I bring the public acquainted with every circumſtance which can intereſt them. R.

NEW-YORK, April 8.

The ſhip Mary, capt. Macey, in 38, and ſhip Orlando, in 28 days from Liverpool, are arrived here, and bring London papers to the 4th ult.

From the Courier.

LONDON, February 21.

It is with infinite regret and reluctance that we lay before our readers the ſubſequent letter from our Portſmouth correſpondent:

Portſmouth, Feb. 20.

"We had this morning, at 11 o'clock, information by the ſignal houſes, that the French fleet, with troops for invaſion, were within ſight of Beachy-Head, and conſiſted of a vaſt number of ſhips; the town has, in conſequence, been in the greateſt confuſion.

"All the frigates have ſailed, but the wind is directly foul—nothing could be more unfortunate. The ſhips of the line are getting ready. We hope they will not, but we fear they will, be too late."

Near 7 o'clock, P M.

The Antelope revenue cutter is juſt arrived from the Downs, paſſed Beachy this morning at 8 o'clock, ſaw nothing—but the ſignal was not made till three hours after.

The following letter was alſo received this morning at Lloyd's:

Monday, 10 o'clock.

"A ſignal was received down channel of the enemy's tranſports being off Beachy-Head—we are informed three hundred in number. Every body here is in the greateſt confuſion: Portſmouth, Goſport, the Iſle of Wight and Spithead, are all under arms—the ſhips are getting under weigh, and every ſhip that can get ready, is ordered to ſail as ſoon as poſſible. A four o'clock this afternoon, the fleet was nearly out of ſight."

Imported Millinery

Of the lateſt and moſt elegant faſhions.

MRS. WILLIAMS

HAS the honour of acquainting the ladies, ſhe has imported in the Montezuma, from London, part of her ſpring patterns, amongſt which are, the Jockey, Caroline, and Telegraphe bonnets; alſo, the elegant full dreſs cap, as worn the queen's birth night, 16th January laſt. Likewiſe received, by the Patriolen, from Liverpool, a handſome collection of oſtrich and fancy feathers. Mrs. Williams will ſhortly receive the remainder of her ſpring patterns from a different milliner in London, that the ladies may have a greater choice of variety. She being determined to ſpare no pains or expence to merit a continuance of commands from the ladies of this city and the country adjacent. By the Adriana (daily expected) ſhe will receive a very handſome collection of ſilk goods, alſo every article uſed in the making of millinery.

Ladies at any diſtance ſending their orders in writing will be ſerved ſame as if preſent, and the articles forwarded with the utmoſt care, by land or water carriage.

The ladies are moſt reſpectfully informed, no abatement will be made from the price aſked, or can any article of millinery be returned or exchanged.

London millinery ſtore, Lemmon-ſtreet, firſt ſtreet above Gay-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite South-ſtreet, leading to the new theatre, Baltimore, April 5, 1797.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Poſt Office, Upper-Marlborough, which, if not taken up before the firſt day of July next, will be ſent to the General Poſt Office as dead letters.

REV. JOHN ASHTON, right rev. Thos. J. Claxton, Miſs Anne Digges, Mary Debutts, Walter Greenfield, John Hepburn, Walter Harwood (2), Samuel Hepburn, Joſeph Harriſon, Stanislaus Hoxton, Rinaldo Johnſon, David Munroe, John R. Magruder, clerk of P. G. county, George Naylor, Joſeph Sprigg, James H. Smith.

B. M. BRASHEARS, P. M.

April 3, 1797.

JOHN MUNROE,

Boot and Shoe-maker,

HAVING been some time without Morocco leather, takes this method to inform his customers, and the public in general, that he has received from London, per the Montezuma, a large and handsome assortment of prime Morocco leather, of various colours, fancy and plain; kid ditto of different colours; Morocco and kid sandal vamps, handsomely worked, boot legs, vamps, and bend soles, and a parcel of excellent seal skins, suitable for ladies or gentlemen, all which he will make in a neat and fashionable manner, or according to direction.

He returns his sincere thanks to a generous public, and his friends in particular, for past favours, and hopes to merit a continuance of their patronage.

Annapolis, April 12, 1797.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOHN ALLEN THOMAS, late of St. Mary's county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, to Mr JOHN WELSH, at Leonard town, or to the subscriber, at Annapolis.

JAMES THOMAS, Executor.

April 6, 1797.

Eighty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber's farm, about seven miles from Annapolis, on Wednesday, the 5th instant, two slaves, WILL and TOM; they are brothers. WILL, a streight, tall, well made fellow, upwards of six feet high, he is generally called black, but has rather a yellowish complexion, by trade a carpenter and cooper, and in general capable of the use of tools in almost any work; saws well at the whip saw, about thirty years of age, when he speaks quick he stammers a little in his speech. TOM, a stout well made fellow, a bright mulatto, twenty-four years of age, and about five feet nine or ten inches high; he is a complete hand at plantation work, and can handle tools pretty well. Their dress at home, upper jackets lined with flannel, and overalls of a drab colour, but they have a variety of other cloathing, and it is supposed they will not appear abroad in what they wear at home. Will writes pretty well, and if he and his brother are not furnished with passes from others, they will not be at a loss for them, but upon proper examination may be discovered to be forged. These people, it is imagined, are gone for Baltimore town, as Tom has a wife living there, with Mr. Thomas Edwards. For taking up and securing the two fellows in the gaol of Baltimore-town, or any other gaol, so that I get them again, a reward of eighty dollars, and for either forty dollars.

THOMAS HARWOOD.

Annapolis, April 10, 1797.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Port-Tobacco, which will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of July next.

JOSEPH GREEN, sheriff of Charles county, 2.
James Cooksey, near Newport, Charles county, 1.
William M'Conchie, sen. ditto, 1.
Messrs. J. Brent, and Co. Port Tobacco, 1.
Jane Adams, at Wm. Swan's, Charles county, 1.
Bennet Neale, Cobb Neck, Charles county, 1.
Mungo Muschett, 1.
Samuel Hanson, near Port-Tobacco, 1.
Samuel M'Pherson, near Port-Tobacco, 1.
Alexander Scott, near Port-Tobacco, Charles county, 1.
Col. Wm. M. Wilkinson, Charles county, 1.
B. Ashton, Newport, Charles county, 1.
Messrs. Marshall and Smoot, Port-Tobacco, 1.
Thomas Marshall, Nottingham, 1.
Doct. Charles Lancaster, near Port-Tobacco, 1.
John Ward, of Augustine, near Port-Tobacco, 1.
Capt. Thomas Jenkins, Charles county, 1.
Jno. B. Hanson, care of Wm. Vincent, Port-Tobacco, 1.
Elizabeth Martindale, Cobb Neck, Charles county, 1.
Charles Love, Allen's-Fresh, Charles county, 1.
Mr. Crain, near Allen's-Fresh, Charles county, 1.
Messrs. Charles Edwards, and Co. Newport, Charles county, 1.
Mary Moreton, Freeman's Point, near Benedict, 1.
John Booth, mercht. Nanjemoy, 1.
John Briscoe, Chaptico, 1.
Mary Jones, Charles county, near Port Tobacco, 1.
Doct. Jesse Jamison, Bryan town, Charles county, 1.
James Allen Carry, mercht. Newport, 1.
Elizabeth Tabbs, Allen's Fresh, Charles county, 1.
Captain Joseph Boarman, near Port-Tobacco, Charles county, 1.
William Shorvan, care of Edward Pye, mercht. Port-Tobacco, 1.
Doct. Townly Yates, Port-Tobacco, 1.
George Lee, Esq; Poplar Hill, Charles county, 2.
Thomas Lomax, near Port-Tobacco, 3.

Port-Tobacco, April 1, 1797.

ALL persons who are indebted to the estate of JOHN HALKERSTONE, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, and those who have claims against the said estate are desired to make them known to the subscriber.

ELIZABETH HALKERSTONE, Admx.

Upper-Marlborough, April 5, 1797.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which will be sent to the General Post-Office as dead letters, if not taken up before the first day of July next.

JAMES BRICE, Wm. Brogden, capt. R. Byus, capt. James Boyd, care of Jno. Randall, Gotlieb Bahr, Annapolis.

John Callahan (2), Joseph Chaves, Thomas Charlton (2), Annapolis; Dr. Richard Chew, West river.

Gabriel Duvall, William Duncan, Annapolis.

Benjamin Forrester, Samuel Felpes, Samuel Frederick, Annapolis.

John Gwinn (2), Samuel Godman, Monf. George, Frederick and Samuel Green (2), Annapolis; John Groves, Pig Point; Joseph Gill, Joshua Groves, Anne-Arundel county.

Samuel H. Howard (2), Nicholas Harwood (2), William Harwood, maj. Thomas Harwood, jun. Thomas Harris, John G. Harrison (2), Benjamin Harrison, Annapolis; Edward Hall, West river; Samuel Harrison, Herring Bay.

Cattron Lewis, care of Pinkney and Guyer, Annapolis; Mr. Mann, Thomas Munroe, Mary Maynard, Peter M'Laughlin, care of Jas. Mackubin, Annapolis; Eliza M'Gill, David M'Gill (3), West river.

George Plater, Perrin Potter, Matthew Power, Annapolis.

Henry Ridgely, Monf. Raynaud, Valentine Rutter, Annapolis.

Jonathan Sellman, Henry Stanton, Annapolis.

Richard Tootell, Annapolis; Edward Timmens, near Annapolis.

Vestry of St. James's Parish (2), Anne-Arundel county.

James Winchester, James West, Eliz. Whitewood, William Weems, Oliver Whiddon, Annapolis.

S. GREEN, D. P. M.

April 1, 1797.

Bank of Baltimore.

1st April, 1797.

THE PRESIDENT and DIRECTORS of the BANK of BALTIMORE having taken into consideration the great advantages likely to arise to the Bank from having the remaining one half of the capital paid, and being authorised by the charter to call for this payment at such time as they may appoint, do therefore give notice, that Monday the 5th day of June next, and the five following days, are fixed on for the stockholders to pay the remaining one hundred and fifty dollars on each share, in gold or silver, at the bank aforesaid.

JAMES COX, Cashier.

N. B. It is intended that the first half yearly dividend shall be declared on the above-mentioned 5th day of June.

WHEREAS I gave my bond to DANIEL SMITH for thirty pounds current money, in the year of our lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-six, and the year following I became security for the said Daniel Smith in a bond payable to EDWARD ABELL, for a larger sum of money, part of which I have paid to the said Edward Abell, and I still remain security for the balance due on said bond, I therefore forwarn all persons from taking an assignment from Daniel Smith of my bond, as I will not pay off the said bond, nor any part thereof.

JOHN AVIS.

Twelve Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on the 25th September last, from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, a negro woman named HENNY, formerly the property of Mr. GASSAWAY RAWLINGS, of said county, she is about 35 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, slender made, and dark complexion, large eyes, long hair, and on close examination you may discover, on the top of her forehead, a few white hairs; her common apparel when she left my service was striped country cloth jacket and petticoat, her under waistcoat is of course white country cloth, bound round with red, but as she has taken a variety of cloathing it is expected she will change as may best suit her own purpose; I do expect she has obtained a forged pass for her freedom, and that she is harboured in or near Annapolis. Whoever takes up the said negro woman, and confines her in any gaol, so that the subscriber gets her again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home reasonable charges paid, by

SAMUEL MACCUBBIN.

N. B. All persons are forbid harbouring or carrying off said woman at their peril. S. M.

Mulberry Hill, March 16, 1797.

Annapolis, March 20, 1797.

ALL persons having just claims against the estate of JOHN HALL, Esq; late of Anne-Arundel county deceased, are requested to exhibit them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, that they may be paid, and those who are indebted to the estate are requested to make payment without delay.

ELEANOR HALL, Executrix of JOHN HALL.

N. B. Mr. Hall, in his life-time, lent a number of his books to his acquaintances. Those who have them are requested to return them to me. E. H.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of JOHN G. WORTHINGTON, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are requested to bring them in, legally authenticated, and those who are indebted to said estate are desired to make immediate payment, to

BRICE J. WORTHINGTON, Executor.

March 22, 1797.

In CHANCERY, April 3, 1797.

Greenbury Pumphrey, vs. Jacob Stoner, Philip Hammond, and Rezin Pumphrey.

THE object of the bill is to obtain a decree for obliging the defendant, Philip Hammond, to convey unto the complainant, Greenbury Pumphrey, a tract of land in Anne Arundel county, called STONER'S DELIGHT; it states, that the defendant, Jacob Stoner, being possessed of the said land, of which the legal title was in his father, John Stoner, and being equitably entitled to one moiety thereof, did, under an authority given to him by and with the approbation of the said John Stoner, contract to sell, and did deliver the same, together with a tract called A MISTAKE IN FRIENDSHIP, unto Walter Pumphrey, father of the complainant, for the sum of £.300, the greater part of which hath been paid to the said Jacob Stoner by the said Walter; that Rezin Pumphrey, on the death of Walter, administered on his estate, took possession of the said land, and sold Stoner's Delight to Philip Hammond, deceased, who had notice of the contract aforesaid; that the said Jacob and John Stoner conveyed Stoner's Delight to the said Philip Hammond in order to defraud the complainant, the heir of his father, who died intestate; that the legal title to the said Stoner's Delight is now in Philip Hammond, one of the defendants, claiming mediately from the deceased Philip; and that the aforesaid Rezin Pumphrey hath left the state, and removed to some place unknown to the complainant.

It is, on the complainant's motion, ordered, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted in the Maryland Gazette, at least three weeks successively, before the 5th day of May next, to the intent that the said Rezin Pumphrey may have notice of the complainant's application, and of the object of his bill, and may be warned to appear here on or before the first Tuesday in October next, to shew cause wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD, Reg. Cur. Can.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Montgomery county, near Mr. John Killy's store, on the 30th day of March, a negro man named THOMAS, twenty-one or two years old, about five feet two inches high, well made chunky fellow; had on when he went away an old white country cloth coat and breeches, old shoes and stockings, coarse linen shirt, and an old high crown wool hat; he is an artful fellow, and probably may change his cloaths. I will pay FOUR DOLLARS if taken ten miles from home, EIGHT DOLLARS if twenty miles, or the above reward if taken up out of the state, and reasonable charges if brought home, or secured in any gaol so that I get him again.

JOHN S. M'ELWAINE.

April 3, 1797.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, some time last fall, a stray red HEIFER, about two years old, no perceiveable mark or brand. The owner is desired to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

PEREGRINE RIDGELY.

April 5, 1797.

THE partnership of PINKNEY and GUYER is by mutual consent this day dissolved; all persons being indebted to the said firm are requested to make payment, and those having claims to exhibit them for settlement.

JONATHAN PINKNEY.
JOHN GUYER.

Annapolis, 23d March, 1797.

THE partnership of Doctors MURRAY and SHAAFF expiring this day, they request all those indebted to them for professional services to call on either of them, or Mr. JOHN OWEN, to settle their accounts.

J. MURRAY,
J. T. SHAAFF.

Annapolis, 30th March, 1797.

FERRY BOATS.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the public in general, that they have built two large convenient FERRY BOATS, for the conveyance of gentlemen and their horses and carriages, &c. THOMAS TUCKER, on West river, in Anne-Arundel county, runs to Kent Island and Talbot county, on the Eastern shore; WILLIAM W. HADAWAY, on the bay side, in Talbot county, opposite to West river, runs to West river and there abouts. As this is by far the most convenient rout from the Federal city or Alexandria to Easton, Cambridge, or any of the adjacent towns or counties on the Eastern shore, and will be attended with much less expence than any other passage to the before-mentioned places, we are determined to pay the greatest attention, in order to give every satisfaction in our power to those that will please to favour us with their custom.

THOMAS TUCKER,
WILLIAM W. HADAWAY.

March 28, 1797.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the general assembly of Maryland, at their next session, for an act to enable the corporation of the city of Annapolis to lay a tax, not exceeding three shillings and nine pence current money in any one year, for every hundred pounds of property within the said city, and the precincts thereof.

HIGH FLYER,

Will ſtand this ſeaſon, to cover mares, at South-river ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at ſix guineas and one dollar for each mare, if credit is expected, but three guineas and one dollar will be taken if ſent with the mare, or paid at the end of the ſeaſon.

HIGH FLYER was bred by Richard Tatterſall, got by his High Flyer, which covers now in England at thirty guineas a mare, and never was beat, Thiſtle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, ſhe was the dam of Mr. Hutchiſon's Thiſtle, which was own brother to High Flyer, who was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, ſhe was the dam of Mr. Shafto's hunter Omnium, Herald, Miſs Bartoth, &c. his great-grand-dam by Partner, ſhe was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowſy, Toriſmond, Alcides, the dam of Young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Privateer and Villager, all capital runners, his great-great grand-dam by Makeleſs, Brimmer, Place's White Turk, great-grand-dam of Cartouch, Dodſworth, Layton Barb Mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

A large lot will be encloſed for favourite mares at 3/9 per week, but not accountable for eſcape or accident.

FOR SALE,

ABOUT 1000 or 1200 acres of LAND, lying in Anne-Arundel county, on the ſouth ſide of Magothy river, adjoining the water, and about ſix or ſeven miles from Annapolis; the greater part of the ſaid land is well timbered, it will afford a great quantity of wharf logs, ſpars and yards, &c. timber and wood of any kind may be conveyed either to Baltimore or Annapolis with very little trouble. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe the above land may be informed of its ſituation by applying to captain CHARLES ROBINSON, in Baltimore-town, or may view the premiſes by applying to the ſubſcriber, in Annapolis. If required immediate poſſeſſion will be given, with an indiſputable title.

P. H. WATTS.

March 4, 1797.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Charles county, on the firſt of this inſtant, two negro men, ISAAC and CHARLES, Iſaac is about forty-five years of age, five feet ten or eleven inches high, of a black complexion, well made, has thick lips, one of his fore teeth out, and a wild look when ſharply ſpoken to; had on when he went away, an old homeſpun ſhirt, white country cloth over and under jackets and breeches; he took with him a blue broad cloth coat, a ſtriped waiſtcoat, and a pair of nankeen breeches. Charles is about thirty years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, of a black complexion, tolerable well made, but has ſmall features, he is a mannerly fellow when ſpoken to; had on when he went away, a new homeſpun ſhirt, white country cloth over and under jackets and breeches; he took with him an old black cloth coat. I have reaſon to believe they have a free Butler's paſs. TWENTY DOLLARS will be paid for either of the ſaid fellows, if taken out of the ſtate, and if in the ſtate FIFTEEN DOLLARS for either, and all reaſonable charges if brought home, paid by

JOHN WARD, of AUGST.

N. B. All perſons are hereby forewarned harbouring, employing, or carrying off ſaid negroes, at their peril.

March 4, 1797.

For SALE,

To the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Thurſday the 20th day of April next, on the premiſes.

THE ſubſcriber having laid out 331 acres of land into twenty lots, at and adjoining the place called and known by the name of the POPLAR SPRINGS, in the upper part of Anne-Arundel county, the turnpike road leading from Baltimore to Frederick-town running through the ſaid land, ten lots are laid on each ſide thereof, containing from 10 to 25 acres each. As upwards of two thirds of this land is well wooded, each lot will have a proportion; there are ſeveral fine ſprings and ſtreams running through it, and its central ſituation between the city of Baltimore and Frederick-town makes it an eligible place for improvement, and is at this time a very public place; ſome fine meadow may be made on ſeveral of thoſe lots, and convenient places for erecting diſtilleries. The healthy ſituation of this place, and many local advantages it poſſeſſes, renders it unneceſſary to give a more particular deſcription at this time. Plots of the whole may be ſeen at the Poplar Springs. The ſale will commence at 12 o'clock, and the terms made known (which will be advantageous) and attendance given, by

SAMUEL GODMAN.

March 1, 1797.

CASH given for Clean Linen and Cotton RAGS,

At the Printing-Office.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ſubſcriber intends to apply to Anne-Arundel county court, at next April term, for a commiſſion to mark and bound a tract of land, lying in ſaid county, called YOUNG'S INN, by a reſurvey, and in which are included four ſmaller tracts, called before the ſaid reſurvey HARRIS'S MOUNT, GOOD MOTHER'S CARE, COSSILE, and HARRISS, agreeable to the directions of the act for marking and bounding lands.

M. HESSELIUS.

March 14, 1797.

Valuable property for ſale for Caſh, or exchanged for property in the Federal City.

On the ſecond Thurſday of May next will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, if not ſold at PRIVATE SALE before that day,

ALL that valuable PROPERTY, ſituated on BLOOMSBURY SQUARE, in the city of Annapolis, containing one acre and an half, the whole is laid out in three ſeparate lots, one in the tenure of WILLIAM COOKE, Eſq; a large brick building, handſomely ſituated, with every convenience and improvement, ſuitable for any gentleman; the adjoining brick-building, now in the poſſeſſion of Mr. FOWLER, with conveniences and improvements; five framed houſes, with gardens, now in the poſſeſſion of different tenants; the whole rents for two hundred and ten pounds per annum. This property is under leaſe for ninety-nine years, and the unexpired term has yet to run fifty-one years. This property will be ſold, to accommodate the purchaſer, either in ſeparate lots, or the whole. Alſo a tract of LAND, containing four hundred acres, now in the tenure and occupation of Mr. EPHRAIM DUVALL, lying in Anne-Arundel county, extending from the river Severn to the river Magothy, within five miles of the city of Annapolis, and twenty-five from Baltimore-town; on this land is an excellent dwelling-houſe, kitchen, and other out houſes, a large orchard of choice fruit; this land lies in a healthy ſituation, and very convenient to oyſters, crabs, and a great variety of fiſh and wild fowl in their reſpective ſeaſons. A further deſcription of this property is deemed unneceſſary, as any one inclined to purchaſe would doubtleſs wiſh to view the ſame. The title to this land is indiſputable, and on the purchaſe money being paid a conveyance in fee ſimple will be immediately given. The terms of ſale will be known by applying to the ſubſcriber, in the city of Annapolis.

WILLIAM WHETCROFT.

The ſubſcriber has ſeveral thouſand acres of land, in the ſtate of Virginia, lying on the waters of the Great Kenhawa, near that valuable tract of the late Preſident, which he will exchange for property in the Federal City.

W. W.

March 8, 1797.

Beard's Habitation, January 1, 1797.

THE PARTNERSHIP of MATTHEW and JOHN BEARD was diſſolved by mutual conſent on the firſt day of December laſt, and all perſons indebted to ſaid firm are requeſted to make immediate payment to John Beard, who is authoriſed to receive all monies due, either on bond, note, or open account, and give proper diſcharges for the ſame. Should this notice not be attended to, compulſory ſteps muſt be fallen on, as they may be enabled to ſatisfy the claims againſt them.

M. BEARD,
JOHN BEARD.

In CHANCERY, March 4, 1797.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of THOMAS GASSAWAY, of Allegany county, praying the benefit of the act for relief of ſundry inſolvent debtors, paſſed at the laſt ſeſſion, on the terms therein mentioned, and a ſchedule of his property, and a liſt of his creditors, ſo far as he can aſcertain the ſame, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being ſatisfied, by competent teſtimony, that the ſaid Thomas Gaſſaway is, and at the time of paſſing the ſaid act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this ſtate, and the ſaid Gaſſaway, at the time of preſenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the aſſent in writing of ſo many of his creditors as have due to to them, according to the liſt aforeſaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of paſſing the ſaid act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that the ſaid Gaſſaway, by cauſing a copy of this order to be inſerted once in each of three ſucceſſive weeks, during the preſent month, in the Maryland Gazette, give notice to his creditors to appear at the chancery office, at one o'clock, on the 20th day of April next, for the purpoſe of recommending ſome perſon to be truſtee for their benefit, on the ſaid Gaſſaway then and there taking the oath preſcribed for delivering up his property.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE.

To be SOLD, for Caſh or Credit, LEASED or RENTED,

THE PLANTATION lately occupied by Mrs. DOVE, commonly known by the name of MOUNT PLEASANT FERRY. For terms apply to

RICHARD SPRIGG.

Weſt river, February 6, 1797.

Annapolis, 15th February, 1797.

I OFFER for SALE my PLANTATION near this city, it contains two hundred and thirty ſeven acres, about one half thereof in wood; it borders on the Severn river, and is ſituate between two and three miles from this city. There are ſeveral very beautiful ſituations and proſpects, commanding a view of the river and bay. The improvements are, an overſeer's houſe, a kitchen, and a new framed barn. It has alſo ſeveral ſprings of excellent water. Poſſeſſion may be had immediately.

HENRY RIDGELY.

Eight Dollars Reward.

RAN away, on Wedneſday the 18th January, from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne Arundel county, near Beard's Point warehouſe, on South river, a negro woman named MOLL, five feet ſix or eight inches high, about thirty-three years of age, of a yelloviſh complexion; ſhe carried with her a dark calico gown, a light calico jacket, a green cotton ditto, a red quilted petticoat, a white corded dimity ditto, a country cloth ditto, with ſundry other cloaths unknown: ſhe has attended the Annapolis market for two years paſt, and alſo the Methodiſt meetings, and at the quarterly meetings near White Hall; ſhe may be harboured with her ſon, who major Snowden lately bought of Mrs. Margaret Smith, on White Hall. The above reward will be paid, if ſhe is lodged in any gaol, ſo that the owner may get her again, and reaſonable charges if brought home.

THOMAS PINDLE.

N. B. All perſons are forbid harbouring or carrying off ſaid negro woman at their peril.

THIS is to give notice, that the ſubſcriber intends to petition the next Prince George's county court for a commiſſion to mark and bound a tract of land called PREVENTION ENLARGED, lying in Prince-George's county, according to an act of aſſembly in ſuch caſes made and provided.

THOMAS G. ADDISON.

February 9, 1797.

THE ſubſcriber will ſell a number of young NEGROES, for CASH, or upon a SHORT CREDIT, on giving bond with good ſecurity.

C. STEUART.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, on the 4th day of October laſt, a negro woman named POLLY, but paſſes by the name of POLLY BUTLER, about twenty-two years old, well grown, and has a pleaſant countenance; had on when ſhe went away a white muſlin jacket and petticoat, and a coarſe wool hat; ſhe has been ſeen in Annapolis; has a paſs, which reads thus, "Permit the bearer Polly to paſs and repaſs, in order to provide herſelf a maſter," ſigned by "William Tawneyhill." Any perſon taking up ſaid negro, on ſecuring her in gaol, ſo that I get her again, ſhall receive TWENTY-FOUR DOLLARS REWARD, and if brought home all reaſonable charges, paid by

ADAM YOUNG.

Montgomery county.

ALL perſons indebted to the late JAMES DICK, deceaſed, or to JAMES DICK and STEWART, are requeſted to make payments, as no further indulgencies can be given, and all perſons having claims againſt ſaid eſtates are requeſted to bring them in, to

CHARLES STEUART, } Executors of
JAMES M'CULLOCH, } J. DICK.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Pig Point, on Saturday the 25th ult a ſorrel HORSE, about fourteen hands high, has on the near buttock a black ſpot, and a ſmall ſcar on the ſide of his noſe. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and ſecures him ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

July 6, 1796. THOMAS OWINGS.

In CHANCERY, February 22, 1797.

Joſeph Court, adminiſtrator of Anthony Bacon, vs *Thomas Earle, and others* } THE object of the bill is to obtain a decree for the ſale of the real eſtate of RICHARD TILGHMAN EARLE, late of Queen Anne's county, deceaſed, part of which eſtate is ſaid to have been deviſed to THOMAS EARLE, who reſides out of the ſtate; it is, on motion of the complainant, adjudged and ordered, that he cauſe a copy of this order to be inſerted in the Maryland Gazette, at leaſt three times ſucceſſively before the end of March next, to the intent that the ſaid Thomas Earle may have notice of the complainant's application to this court, and of the object of his bill, and may be warned to appear here in perſon, or by a ſolicitor, on or before the firſt Tueſday in November next, to ſhew cauſe wherefore a decree ſhould not paſs as prayed.

Teſt. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

THERE is at the ſubſcriber's plantation, near South river ferry, a roan MARE, about twelve and an half hands high, and about five or ſix years old, without any perceivable brand. The owner is deſired to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

CHARLES STEUART.

ANNAPOLIS:
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